

Aging Well, Aging Successfully

"The New Rules of Retirement," by Robert C. Carlson.

Three unstoppable forces that are transforming retirement and old age

- 1. Baby Boomers Coming of age
- 2. Medical Miracles
- 3. Fewer Offspring

Consequences and Expectations of an aging population

- 1. Healthier generation of retirees
- 2. Retirement becoming more expensive. Prepare to save more and work longer.
- 3. Health care costs increasing. More dollars needed to retain purchasing power.
- 4. Investment returns likely to be lower in the next 20 years than the past 20 years
- 5. Tax rates on retirees highest marginal rates. Social Security taxed
- 6. Trust funds running out of money; i.e., Social Security and Medicare

"Successful Aging," by John W. Rowe, M.D. and Robert L. Kahn, Ph.D.

- 1. Myths and realities of aging
- 2. Productivity in old age
- 3. The structure of successful aging

"Aging Well," by George E. Vaillant, M.D.

Factors that do not seem to contribute to successful aging:

- 1. Genes apparently do not count for much after the age of 75
- 2. Cholesterol levels do not seem to be a deciding factor.
- 3. Stress during the early years does not influence successful aging.
- 4. The type of parents also were not a factor
- 5. Childhood temperament is another factor that declines with time
- 6. Another factor that has influence earlier in life is general social ease.

Things that Matter

- 1. Heavy smoking and alcohol abuse definitely have an effect after age 60
- 2. Good mental health. Having a mature defense (sublimation, altruism, humor), or adaptive coping style is the most powerful predictor of being happy in older life.
- 3. A stable marriage tends to provide for a healthy, happy life.
- 4. The more years of education one has, the more likely one is to be happy
- 5. Exercise and a stable weight also contribute to happiness for older people.
- 6. Generatively (guiding and mentoring) the next generation is one of the predictors of having a successful life after 60.
- 7. Keeper of Meaning. Preserving traditions and institutions. Caretakers not caregivers.

People who become bored and unhappy in retirement need to engage in the four activities that work provided for them:

- 1. Develop a social network. Develop new contacts and friends
- 2. Develop new ways to play, especially competitive play with a sense of accomplishment
- 3. Creativity and lifelong learning are two aspects of work that need to be replaced.
- 4. Retirement should be voluntary. Work should be continued as long as one is willing and healthy.